

Indigenous Relationship and Cultural Awareness (IRCA) Courses: Interactivity Guide Answers

Module 14: Environmental Health

Note that the answers provided below are not exhaustive and merely provide relevant information/ points to consider for each question.

Chapter 1 – Background of Environmental Health

1. What is environmental racism?

Answer:

Environmental racism is the disproportionate location and greater exposure of Indigenous and racialized communities to contamination and pollution from polluting industries and other environmentally hazardous activities. In a Canadian context, environmental racism is a form of systemic racism and is the direct result of colonial and contemporary policies.

Chapter 2 – Climate Change

- 1. Reflection: Do any of the following impacts of climate change surprise you? Pick one and reflect on how it disproportionately affects Indigenous communities.
 - Flooding
 - Wildfires
 - Water Quality and Quantity
 - Winter Road Inaccessibility
 - Food Insecurity
 - Reduction of Biodiversity and Destruction of Invasive Species
 - Herd and Animal Patterns

Answer:			
Reflection			

Chapter 3 – Drinking Water Advisories

Match the correct definition to the type of drinking water advisory

Type of drinking water advisory	Definition
Boil Water Advisories (BWA)	These advisories warn the public that they should not use their tap water for any reason.
	This advisory is issued when using the water poses a health risk, the water system has pollutants that can't be removed through boiling, being exposed to the water through bathing could irritate the skin, eyes, nose.
Do Not Consume (DNC) Advisories	 Are issued when there are problems with the water treatment system, such as chlorine levels being too low, or water test results confirm the presence of disease-causing viruses, bacteria or parasites. These advisories advise home users that they should bring their tap water to a rolling boil for at least 1 minute before they: drink the water Use the water for other purposes such as to cook, feed pets, brush their teeth, make infant formula or other drinks



Do Not Use (DNU)	These advisories are issued when the water system has contaminants such
Advisories	as lead, which can't be removed from the water by boiling.
	These advisories tell the public that they should not use their tap water to
	cook, drink, feed pets, brush their teeth, and make infant formula or other
	drinks.

Answer:

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Chapter 4 – Colonial Interference Byproducts

1. Reflection: After reviewing the chapter, are there any colonial interference byproducts that you were not aware of? If so, please explain.

Answer:		
Reflection		

Chapter 5 – The Health Impacts of Environmental Pollution

1. Globally, Indigenous people are disproportionately affected by the impacts of environmental pollution. What poor health outcomes are linked to environmental pollution?

Answer:

Specific types of cancer, respiratory disease, high rates of miscarriage, and kidney disease.

- Diseases of the respiratory system (asthma, bronchitis) are one of the leading causes of acute care hospitalizations for Indigenous people in Canada, particularly First Nations people.
- Poor housing conditions and compromised indoor air quality have further been associated with respiratory conditions among Indigenous populations.

